1	ENGROSSED SENATE
2	BILL NO. 1019 By: Hicks and Simpson of the Senate
3	and
4	Marti of the House
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7 An Act relating to pharmacy; amending Section 3, Chapter 234, 0.8 t. 2017 (59.0.8 Supp. 2018, Section	An Act relating to pharmacy; amending Section 3, Chapter 234, O.S.L. 2017 (59 O.S. Supp. 2018, Section
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9	authorizing pharmacist to dispense certain medications or devices under certain conditions;
10	providing certain standard of care; excluding pharmacist from certain civil and criminal liability;
11	stating exception to certain liability; providing for formulary; clarifying applicability of the Pharmacy
12	Audit Integrity Act; and providing an effective date.
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15	BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:
16	SECTION 1. AMENDATORY Section 3, Chapter 234, O.S.L.
17	2017 (59 O.S. Supp. 2018, Section 353.20.2), is amended to read as
18	follows:
19	Section 353.20.2. A. Unless Except as provided in subsection C
20	of this section, unless the prescriber has specified on the
21	prescription that dispensing a prescription for a maintenance
22	medication in an initial amount followed by periodic refills is
23	medically necessary, a pharmacist may exercise his or her
24	professional judgment to dispense varying quantities of medication

- per fill-up to the total number of dosage units as authorized by the prescriber on the original prescription including any refills.
- B. Subsection A of this section shall not apply to scheduled medications or any medications for which a report is required under the controlled substance database. Dispensing of medication based on refills authorized by the physician on the prescription shall be limited to no more than a ninety-day supply of the medication.
- C. 1. A pharmacist may dispense without a prescription one or more devices or medications as medically necessary to prevent the death of or serious harm to the health of a patient if the following conditions are met:
 - a. the pharmacy which the pharmacist owns or at which the pharmacist is employed has a current record of a prescription for the medication or device prescribed in the name of the patient who is requesting it, but the prescription has expired and a refill requires authorization from the licensed practitioner who issued the prescription and neither the patient nor the pharmacist was able to obtain the refill after reasonable attempts were made to obtain such refill and the pharmacist documents such attempts on a form prescribed by the State Board of Pharmacy,

- b. the failure of the pharmacist to dispense the

 medication or device reasonably could result in the

 death of or serious harm to the health of the patient,

 the device or medication is listed on the formulary
 - c. the device or medication is listed on the formulary described in paragraph 4 of this subsection,
 - the patient has been on a consistent medication
 therapy as demonstrated by records maintained by the
 pharmacy, and
 - e. the amount of the medication or device dispensed is

 for a reasonable amount of time; provided, if the

 patient or pharmacist is unable to obtain a refill

 prescription from the patient's licensed practitioner

 before the amount prescribed to prevent death or

 serious harm to the health of the patient is depleted,

 the pharmacist may dispense an additional amount of

 the medication or device not more than once in an

 amount consistent with past prescriptions of the

 patient.
 - 2. The standard of care required of a pharmacist licensed in this state who is acting in accordance with the provisions of this subsection shall be the level and type of care, skill and diligence that a reasonably competent and skilled pharmacist with a similar background and in the same or similar locality would have provided under the circumstance.

1	3. Any pharmacist licensed in this state who in good faith
2	dispenses one or more medications or devices to a patient pursuant
3	to the provisions of this subsection shall not be liable for any
4	civil damages or subject to criminal prosecution as a result of any
5	acts or omissions except for committing gross negligence or willful
6	or wanton acts committed in dispensing or failure to dispense the
7	medication or device.

- 4. The State Board of Pharmacy shall develop and update as necessary an inclusionary formulary of potentially life-saving prescription medications and devices, not to include controlled dangerous substances, for the purposes of this subsection. Such medications and devices shall include but not be limited to:
 - a. insulin and any devices or supplies necessary for the administration of insulin,
 - <u>b.</u> glucometers and any devices or supplies necessary for the operation of the glucometer, and
 - c. rescue inhalers.
- 5. Dispensing in accordance with this subsection shall be deemed dispensing under a legal prescription for purposes of the Pharmacy Audit Integrity Act, Section 356 et seq. of this title.

 SECTION 2. This act shall become effective November 1, 2019.

1	Passed the Senate the 21st day of February, 2019.
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4	Presiding Officer of the Senate
5	Passed the House of Representatives the day of,
6	2019.
	2019.
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8	Presiding Officer of the House
9	of Representatives
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